

## A Cultural Exploration of Balinese Woven Borders (Tenunan Pinggiran Saput Bali)

Mariah WAWORUNTU<sup>1</sup>, Evy STEELYANA W<sup>2</sup>, Ine WAWORUNTU<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1,3</sup>Traditional Textile Art Society of South East Asia (TTASSEA), Indonesia

<sup>2</sup>School of Accounting, Bina Nusantara (BINUS) University / Traditional Textile Art Society of South East Asia (TTASSEA)

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#### Corresponding Author:

Evy Steelyana W

#### Email:

[Evi.steelyana@binus.ac.id](mailto:Evi.steelyana@binus.ac.id)

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### Abstract:

#### Purpose:

This paper explores the intricate relationship between Balinese woven borders, known as "pinggiran Saput," and their cultural significance within the broader context of Balinese heritage. The study delves into the historical evolution of weaving techniques and materials, highlighting the transition from traditional hand-spun cotton and natural dyes to modern synthetic fibers, reflecting innovation and cultural continuity.

#### Methodology:

Next, the paper examines the symbolism embedded in the patterns and colors of these textiles, illustrating how they convey narratives of spirituality and identity. It also discusses the impact of globalization on the preservation of these traditional crafts, highlighting the economic challenges local artisans face due to the influx of cheaper, mass-produced alternatives.

#### Findings:

The findings suggest that effective strategies for promoting authentic Balinese craftsmanship and fostering consumer awareness are essential for sustaining the cultural legacy of Balinese woven borders.

#### Implication:

Ultimately, this research underscores the importance of these textiles not only as decorative elements but as vital expressions of community identity and cultural resilience in the face of modern challenges.

## INTRODUCTION

In the lush landscapes of Bali, a rich cultural tapestry unfolds, revealing the intricate artistry of woven borders. These adornments, often overlooked, offer a profound glimpse into the island's historical and spiritual fabric. Traditional Balinese weaving is not merely a craft; it serves as a means of storytelling, encapsulating generations of beliefs, social structures, and aesthetic values into its vibrant threads. Each woven border is a testament to the painstaking techniques passed down through countless artisans, capturing the essence of community and identity. As we explore deeper into this art form, we will explore the various materials and methods employed in creation, the significance of patterns and motifs, and their roles within Balinese ceremonies and daily life. Ultimately, this examination reveals that woven borders are not just decorative details but vital components of Balinese heritage, reflecting a profound connection to the past and the present.

## METHODS

Next, the paper examines the symbolism embedded in the patterns and colors of these textiles, illustrating how they convey narratives of spirituality and identity. It also discusses the impact of globalization on the preservation of these traditional crafts, highlighting the economic challenges local artisans face due to the influx of cheaper, mass-produced alternatives.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

### **Balinese Weaving Traditions: Cultural Heritage and the Historical Significance of Woven Borders.**

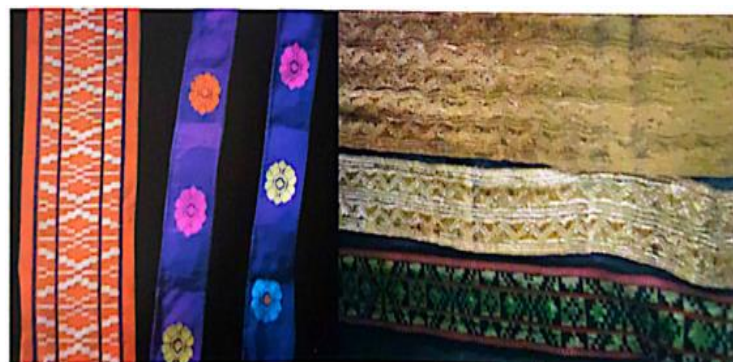
In Bali, the tradition of weaving embodies not only the artistry of textiles but also serves as a crucial element of cultural identity and heritage. The intricate patterns and motifs in Balinese woven fabrics are imbued with profound symbolism that reflects the region's spiritual beliefs and social values. For instance, the Gringsing cloth features elaborate designs that convey narratives about the surrounding environment and community, while also playing a significant role in religious and ritual ceremonies (Pryanka, 2023). This transition in usage—from traditional attire to everyday fashion—highlights these textiles' adaptability and continuing relevance in modern life, as they help express individual and collective identities (Pandita, 2021). Thus, weaving in Bali is not solely a craft; it is a vibrant form of cultural communication that preserves the island's rich history while resonating with contemporary society (Utami et al., 2023).

Balinese woven borders have long served as a profound expression of cultural identity and social hierarchy, playing a central role in the island's rich textile tradition. Originating from ancient customs, these borders were more than just decorative features; they symbolized status, spiritual beliefs, and community identity. Their intricate designs often reflect local folklore and sacred narratives, seamlessly intertwining storytelling with artistic craftsmanship (Langi & Park, 2016). This practice aligns with the broader concept of Creative Multilingualism, which emphasizes how linguistic and cultural diversity enrich artistic expressions. In Bali, the interplay between local dialects and symbolism deeply informs the motifs and techniques chosen by weavers, further embedding textiles within the island's cultural fabric (Astara et al., 2019).



**Figure 1.** Loom used by Tabanan weavers to produce 10 cm wide bands

The evolution of Balinese textiles highlights a dynamic interplay between tradition and innovation. Historically, weavers relied on hand-spun cotton and natural dyes sourced from local plants, creating textiles that were both environmentally attuned and spiritually resonant (Sari et al., 2022). These materials and methods fostered a profound connection between artisans and their cultural heritage. However, as demand grew and global influences permeated the island, Balinese weavers began incorporating synthetic fibers and dyes (Dalimunthe et al., 2023). This shift enhanced the durability and vibrancy of their work and exemplified creative adaptability as artisans integrated new techniques while preserving traditional motifs (Weifen, 2022).



**Figure 2.** Tabanan weavers used old bands and sashes of various widths as samples (photo M.W. 2008).

Throughout this evolution, woven borders remained pivotal. Beyond their aesthetic appeal, these intricate patterns communicated cultural narratives, social values, and spiritual teachings. The amalgamation of ancient weaving techniques with contemporary innovations underscores the enduring significance of Balinese textiles as a vibrant expression of identity. This duality—honoring tradition while embracing modernity—ensures that Balinese weaving continues to thrive, serving as a historical artifact and a living art form deeply embedded in the island's heritage.

**Symbolism and Aesthetics in Balinese Woven Borders: Interpreting Patterns and Colors Through Beliefs and Rituals.** Rooted in a rich cultural heritage, the woven borders of Balinese textiles carry profound symbolism and aesthetic value. Each design element found within these borders serves not merely as decoration but as a narrative device that communicates stories, beliefs, and social status ("Unraveling the Sacred Connection: the Sidakarya Mask and Pemuteran Jagad Sidakarya Temple in Balinese Culture," 2023). Intricate patterns often represent natural elements, such as flora and fauna, intertwining with motifs that reflect the spiritual and cosmological worldview of the Balinese people (Susiani, 2021). This visual language transforms textiles into sacred objects, often used in rituals, thereby enriching the spiritual lives of the community. Moreover, the intersection of traditional craftsmanship with modern interpretations of these woven borders illustrates a dynamic cultural evolution. As noted in contemporary artistic expressions, Balinese textiles increasingly engage with global artistic dialogues, revealing these cultural symbols' adaptability and enduring significance.



**Figure 3.** Five to Six cm wide bands from leftover thread, woven by Buleleng weavers



In the intricate tapestry of Balinese culture, woven borders serve not merely as decorative elements but as vital expressions of spirituality and identity. The patterns and colors inscribed within these textiles resonate deeply with local beliefs, embodying meanings that reflect the Balinese worldview (Komalsari et al., 2024). Each motif and hue is important, often corresponding to specific religious or community rituals (Riastini et al., 2020). For instance, woven Lurik is recognized for its sacred values and is believed to bring good fortune and guidance to its possessors (Pryanka, 2023). Therefore, the interpretation of Balinese woven borders transcends aesthetic appreciation; it invites observers to engage with the profound belief systems that govern the people's lives, reinforcing the importance of these textiles as conduits of cultural heritage and spiritual significance.



**Figure 4.** A sash 12cm wide, woven in Buleleng

**The Lasting Influence of Balinese Woven Borders on Modern Art and Culture.** Balinese woven borders' intricate patterns and vibrant colors have transcended their traditional applications, profoundly influencing contemporary art and culture. Artists today often draw on these motifs to explore themes of identity, heritage, and craftsmanship, weaving elements of local tradition into modern practices (Wati et al., 2022). Galleries and exhibitions frequently showcase works that pay homage to the techniques developed by Balinese artisans, positioning these artisans not merely as craftspeople but as vital contributors to the global art narrative. This fusion of tradition and innovation encourages a dialogue between the past and the present, allowing audiences to appreciate the cultural significance of these borders while simultaneously engaging with new interpretations. Such integration has not only invigorated contemporary art. However, it has also fostered a deeper understanding of Balinese culture, ensuring that these woven borders remain a living tradition that inspires and resonates in today's artistic landscape.

## CONCLUSION

Examining Balinese woven borders reveals the complex interplay between cultural preservation and economic sustainability within local artisan communities. As demand for authentic Balinese endek fabric declines, largely due to the influx of lower-cost imitations produced outside the region, the financial stability of traditional weavers is significantly affected (Astara et al., 2019). This economic downturn not only jeopardizes the livelihoods of these artisans but also threatens the preservation of the distinctive cultural heritage embedded in their craft. Moreover, research suggests that adopting effective digital marketing strategies could greatly enhance the visibility and sales of these traditional textiles, offering a potential avenue for revitalizing local economies (Picard, 2008). To ensure the continuation of this cultural tradition, stakeholders must invest in promoting authentic Balinese craftsmanship and increasing consumer awareness about the inherent value of original woven textiles. Ultimately,

a dual focus on cultural preservation and economic empowerment is crucial for ensuring the ongoing legacy of Bali's woven borders.

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